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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- (currently amended): A process for producing a fibrous material, comprising a lignocellulosic material-matrix with phenolic groups which are capable of being oxidized by oxidizing agents, and a signalling agent, said process comprising the steps of
- oxidizing phenolic or similar structural groups of the lignocellulosic matrie-matrix to provide an oxidized fibre material, and
- contacting the oxidized fibre material with a signalling agent containing at least one first functional group or portionsite, which is compatible with the oxidized fibre material in order to achieve covalent, ionic or hydrogen bonding of the signalling agent to the lignocellulosic material, said signalling agent being capable of providing the lignocellulosic fibre material with properties foreign to the native fibre, wherein the signalling agent is a compound foreign to the fibre material.
- (currently amended): A process for producing a fibrous material, comprising a lignocellulosic material matrix with phenolic or similar structural groups which are capable of being oxidized by oxidizing agents, and a signalling agent, said process comprising the steps of
- oxidizing phenolic or similar structural groups of the lignocellulosic matric matrix to provide an oxidized fibre material, and
- contacting the oxidized fibre material with a modifying agent containing at least
 one first functional group or portionaite, which is compatible with the oxidized fibre material,

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and at least one second functional group in order to provide a lignocellulosic fibre material having a modified surface,

contacting the thus modified lignocellulosic fibre material with a signalling agent,

- bonding the signalling to the modified surface of the fibre material in order to impart to the fibre material new functional properties derivable from the signalling agent,
 - wherein the signalling agent is a compound foreign to the fibre material.
- 3. (previously presented): The process according to claim 1, wherein the lignocellulosic fibrous matrix is reacted with an oxidizing agent in the presence of a substance capable of catalyzing the oxidation of phenolic or similar structural groups by said oxidizing agent.
- (previously presented): The process according to any of claim 1, wherein the signalling agent is activated with an oxidizing agent.
- 5. (currently amended): The process according to any of claim 1, wherein the signalling agents are is selected from the group-comprising security components, such as fluorescent compounds verifiable under UV light from seanners, metallic particles or chemical security features, and machine-readable pigments.
- (currently amended): The process according to claim 5, wherein the signalling agents is selected from the group of comprise thermochromes, photochromes, and electrically

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conductive substances; including comprising electrically conductive polymers, radioactive compounds, fluorescent compounds, luminescent compounds and various inorganic compounds.

7. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the signalling agent exhibits at least one functional site, which is compatible with the fibrous matrix or with the

modifying agent in order to achieve covalent or physical bonding of the signaling signalling

agent to the lignocellulosic material.

8. (original): The process according to claim 7, wherein the functional site comprises

reactive groups selected from hydroxy, carboxy, anhydride, aldehyde, ketone, amino, amine,

amide, imine, imidine and derivatives and salts thereof.

9. (previously presented): The process according to claim 1, wherein the signalling agent

can be detected by visual colour change, laser, magnetics, conductivity, microwaves, ultrasonic,

infrared, mass spectrometry, gas chromatography, physical agents, or combinations thereof.

10. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the modifying

compound is a bifunctional compound containing at least one first functional portion or group

site and at least one second functional group, the second functional group being selected from the

group of hydroxyl (including phenolic hydroxy groups), carboxy, anhydride, aldehyde, ketone,

amino, amine, amide, imine, imidine and derivatives and salts thereof.

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imine, imidine and derivatives and salts thereof.

11. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the modifying compound is a bifunctional compound containing at least one first functional pertion or group site and at least one second functional group, the first functional group site being selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, carboxy, anhydride, aldehyde, ketone, amino, amine, amide,

12. (previously presented): The process according to claim 1, wherein the substance capable of catalyzing the oxidation of phenolic or similar structural groups is an enzyme or a chemical agent or a radiation agent.

13. (previously presented): The process according to claim 12, wherein the enzyme capable of catalyzing the oxidation of phenolic or similar structural groups is selected from the group of peroxidases and oxidases.

14. (original): The process according to claim 13, wherein the enzyme is selected the group of laccases (EC 1.10.3.2), catechol oxidases (EC 1.10.3.1), tyrosinases (EC 1.14.18.1), bilirubin oxidases (EC 1.3.3.5), horseradish peroxidase (EC 1.11.1.7), manganase peroxidase (EC 1.11.1.13) and lignin peroxidase (EC 1.11.1.14).

15. (currently amended): The process according to any of claim 414, wherein the enzyme dosage is about 1 to 100,000 nkat/g, preferably 10-500 nkat/g, and it is employed in an amount of 0.0001 to 10 mg protein/g of dry matter.

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16. (currently amended): The process according to claim 12, wherein the chemical agent

is selected from the group of per-compounds, in particular from the group consisting of alkali

metal persulphates and hydrogen peroxide.

17. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the oxidizing agent is

selected from the group of oxygen, hydrogen peroxide and oxygen-containing gases, such as air.

18. (previously presented): The process according to claim 1, wherein oxygen or oxygen-

containing gas is introduced into the aqueous slurry during the reaction.

19. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the reaction of step

(a) is carried out in an aqueous or dry phase at a consistency of 1 to 95 % by weight, preferably

about 2 to 40 % by weight, of the fibre material.

20. (previously presented): The process according to claim 1, wherein the reaction is

carried out at a temperature in the range of from 5 to 100 °C.

21. (new): The process according to claim 5, wherein the signalling agent is a security

component, which is a fluorescent compound verifiable under UV light from scanners.

22. (new): The process of claim 16, wherein the per-compounds are selected from the

group consisting of alkali metal persulphates and hydrogen peroxide.

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23. (new): The process according to claim 15, wherein the enzyme dosage is about 10-

500 nkat/g.

24. (new): The process of claim 19, wherein the reaction of step (a) is carried out in an

aqueous or dry phase at a consistency of about 2 to 40 % by weight of the fibre material.

25. (new): The process of claim 17, wherein the oxygen-containing gas is air.

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